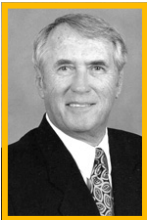


University of Arizona. His education was interrupted by service in the U. S. Army and a brief period of corporate employment. He graduated from the University of Arizona College of Law in 1963. He served as an Assistant Attorney General for the State of Arizona from 1963-1966, and was the Administrative Assistant to U. S. Congressman Sam Steiger from 1967- 1971. After working with Congressman Steiger he returned to Prescott to engage private practice. He was then appointed to the Superior Court of the State of Arizona in and for Yavapai County by Governor Jack Williams and served as Presiding Judge from 1973-1984. He assumed senior status as a U.S. District Judge in 2003. He lives in Prescott, maintains his chambers in Phoenix, and carries a substantial case load in Phoenix and Prescott.



March 15, 2006

Justice Frank X. Gordon, Jr.
*“The Long Road From
 Kingman to Phoenix.”*

A product of the Kingman public schools, Justice Frank X. Gordon, Jr. graduated from Stanford University in 1951 and the University of Arizona College of Law with honors in 1954. He served as Kingman City Attorney from 1954-1956 and then entered private practice there, where he maintained a wide-ranging practice until 1962. In that year Governor Paul Fannin appointed him to the Mohave County Superior Court, where he served in various positions, including Presiding Judge until 1975. At that time Governor Raul Castro appointed Judge Gordon to the Arizona Supreme Court and was elected by members of the Court to be Chief Justice in January 1987. In 1988, Chief Justice Gordon was required to serve as Presiding Officer in the Senate Impeachment trial of then-Governor Evan Mecham. This unusual proceeding, an amalgam of legal and legislative procedures, took over six weeks and received nationwide publicity. He served as Chief Justice of the Arizona Supreme Court until his retirement in 1992. Active in retirement Justice Gordon has served Arizona in various judicial capacities and remains of counsel to the Phoenix law firm of Roush, McCracken and Guerrero.



**The
 2006
 Barry M. Goldwater
 Lecture Series**

*“Legal &
 Judicial History
 of Arizona”*

**Wednesday Mornings
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 Coffee: 9:30 a.m.
 Lecture: 10:00 a.m.**

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The 2006 Barry M. Goldwater Lecture Series
“Legal & Judicial History of Arizona”

Presents:



February 1, 2006
U.S. Supreme Court Justice
Sandra Day O'Connor
“An Arizonan on the U.S.
Supreme Court:
Memories and Reflections.”

Sandra Day O'Connor, who spent her childhood on the Day family cattle ranch in Greenlee County Arizona, attended Stanford University where she received her B.A. in Economics in 1950. She continued at Stanford for her law degree, graduating in two years instead of the traditional three. At Stanford she met and married John Jay O'Connor and the couple settled in Phoenix, Arizona. Justice O'Connor served as an Arizona Assistant Attorney General from 1965 to 1969, when she was appointed to a vacancy in the Arizona State Senate. In 1974 she ran successfully for trial judge, a position she held until she was appointed to the Arizona Court of Appeals in 1979. Eighteen months later, on July 7, 1981, Sandra Day O'Connor became the Supreme Court's 102nd justice and its first female member. On July 1, 2005, Justice O'Connor announced her retirement from the Supreme Court after twenty-four years of service on the bench.



February 8, 2006
Judge Robert C. Broomfield
“The Judiciary- It's the Glue.”

Judge Robert C. Broomfield graduated from Pennsylvania State University in 1955 and between completion of his undergraduate studies and law school, Judge Broomfield served as a pilot in the Arizona Air National Guard. In 1962 he joined the Phoenix law firm of Carson, Messinger, Elliott, Laughlin, and Ragan and in 1971 he was appointed to the Maricopa County Superior Court. From 1972-1974 Judge Broomfield was the Presiding Judge of the Juvenile Division of the Superior Court. In 1974 he became Presiding Judge of the Maricopa County Superior Court and remained in that position until 1985. At that time he was appointed to the

U.S. District Court, District of Arizona, and in 1994 was appointed Chief Judge. In 1999 he assumed Senior Judge status and remains in that position today. During his distinguished judicial career, Judge Broomfield proved an innovator in the efficient administration of the justice system.



February 15, 2006
Judge William J. Schafer III
“The Don Bolles Murder Cases.”

Appointed to the State Superior Court in 1989, Judge William J. Schafer III, during his eleven years on the bench, rendered important decisions on civil, criminal, domestic relations, and tax cases. His role in the Don Bolles murder cases reflected sound judicial temperament and careful reasoning in what were some of the most highly charged criminal cases in Arizona history. Though he retired in 2000, Judge Schafer still acts as a superior court judge on a pro tem basis. He graduated from Oberlin College and received his LL.B. and J.D. from the Case-Western University School of Law in 1957. Judge Schafer's impressive scholarly and judicial career ranges from writing criminal briefs before the U.S. Supreme Court, to arguing four cases before the U.S. Supreme Court, to authoring three books on criminal law, and, most recently, to serving as judge at the Telders International Moot Court in the Hague at the International Peace Palace. His awards are numerous including the Distinguished Public Lawyer Award presented by the Maricopa County Bar Association in 1988. He maintains a deep interest in history as reflected in his service as a board member of the Arizona Historical Society.



February 22, 2006
Professor Robert Glennon
“Water Follies.”

Robert Glennon is the Morris K. Udall Professor of Law and Public Policy at the University of Arizona College of Law, where he teaches American Legal History: The Colorado River, Constitutional Law, Water Law, and Federal Jurisdiction. A graduate of Boston College and Boston College of Law, he later received a Ph.D. in His-

tory from Brandeis University. His book, *Water Follies: Groundwater Pumping and the Fate of America's Fresh Waters* (Island Press, 2002), assesses the impact that groundwater pumping has had on several American water sources, including the Santa Cruz and San Pedro in southern Arizona. A prolific writer, consultant to numerous law firms throughout the country, and an award winning teacher, Robert Glennon is one of the foremost experts on water law and history in the United States.



March 1, 2006
Justice Thomas A. Zlaket
“Common Misconceptions about
Judges and the Justice System
in Arizona.”

Justice Thomas A. Zlaket received his B.A. in Political Science from the University of Notre Dame in 1962 and his law degree from the University of Arizona College of Law in 1965. Upon graduation from law school he entered private practice in Tucson with Leshner, Scruggs, Rucker, Kimble and Lindemond. In 1968 he formed Maud and Zlaket, which ultimately became Zlaket and Zlaket in 1982 and he continued in private practice until 1992. In that year, Justice Zlaket was sworn in as a Justice of the Arizona Supreme Court and served as the Court's Chief Justice beginning in 1997. An award winning jurist, innovator in the administration of justice, and former President of the State Bar of Arizona, Justice Zlaket is a recognized judicial pioneer. Significantly his efforts in reforming discovery rules, known as "Zlaket Rules," have reduced the cost of litigation and been adopted by states across the nation.



March 8, 2006
Judge Paul G. Rosenblatt
“1863-2006:
All But One Hundred.”

Paul G. Rosenblatt, upon the recommendation of Barry Goldwater in 1984, was confirmed by the U.S. Senate as a United States District Judge. Born and raised in Prescott, Arizona he attended Seattle University, the University of Washington and the